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ОКТЯБРЬСКИЙ КОММУНАЛЬНО-СТРОИТЕЛЬНЫЙ КОЛЛЕДЖ

Рабочая тетрадь
по дисциплине « Английский язык»
методическое пособие для самостоятельной работы
студентов IV курса для специальности:

08.02.01 « Строительство и эксплуатация зданий и сооружений»

Группа _____

Фамилия, имя _____

УТВЕРЖДЕНО

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МЕТОДИСТ
ДНЕВНОГО ОТДЕЛЕНИЯ

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ПОЯСНИТЕЛЬНАЯ ЗАПИСКА

Данное методическое пособие для самостоятельной работы по дисциплине ОГСЭ.03 Иностранный язык (английский) предназначено для студентов IV курса специальности 08.02.01 «Строительство и эксплуатация зданий и сооружений»

Пособие представляет собой сборник упражнений по основным разделам английской грамматики. Задания в данном пособии составлены в соответствии с рабочей программой по дисциплине ОГСЭ.03 Иностранный язык (английский) по данной специальности.

Согласно Федеральному государственному образовательному стандарту среднего профессионального образования по данной специальности, в результате освоения дисциплины «Иностранный язык», обучающийся должен **уметь:**

- общаться (устно и письменно) на иностранном языке на профессиональные и повседневные темы;
- переводить (со словарем) иностранные тексты профессиональной направленности;
- самостоятельно совершенствовать устную и письменную речь;
- пополнять словарный запас.

В результате освоения дисциплины студент должен **знать:**

- лексический (1200-1400 лексических единиц) и грамматический минимум, необходимый для чтения и перевода (со словарем) иностранных текстов профессиональной направленности.

При отборе учебного материала, используемого на уроках и внеаудиторно, в данном пособии уделяется особое внимание его аутентичности и ценностной значимости, для формирования у студентов представлений о современном поликультурном и многоязычном мире.

Целью самостоятельной работы является формирование умений и навыков самостоятельно работать над языком и применять полученные знания на практике. А целью настоящего пособия является дать систему тренировочных упражнений и обеспечить практику употребления сложных грамматических явлений и подготовить студента к итоговому дифференцированному зачету.

Самостоятельная работа по дисциплине «Английский язык» способствует решению практических задач, обозначенных в «Рабочей программе», которые направлены на развитие всех составляющих коммуникативной компетенции (речевой, языковой, социокультурной, компенсаторной и учебно-познавательной). Данное грамматическое пособие

На выполнение самостоятельной работы студентов по дисциплине «Иностранный язык (английский)» согласно рабочей программе на IV курсе отводится 14 часов.

Для выполнения самостоятельной работы и ее контроля студент ведет данную тетрадь, в которой выполняются задания по конкретной теме. Время, которое студент должен затратить, определено в сетке часов. За время обучения студент должен проработать задания по 14и темам и предоставить на проверку преподавателю к указанному сроку.

Тема 4.9. Фундаменты.

Самостоятельная работа № 26. Грамматический материал: Артикль. Неопределенные местоимения some, any.

Упражнение 1.

Вставьте определенный или неопределенный артикль, если необходимо:

1. "... sun had set. ... sky was green and yellow. And against this sky suddenly appeared ... very strange little figure. It was ... short little man. He wore ... cricket cap, overcoat and ... long stockings".

2. These lines are taken from one of H.G. Wells' best novels. ... title of this novel is "... First Men in ... Moon". Read ... novel and you will find it to be one of ... most interesting stories you ever read.

3. Was there ... forest near ... village you lived in last year? Yes, there was ... very good forest there. There were ... oaks, pines and ... firs in ... forest.

4.... Neva is ... very beautiful river. It is in ... North of our country. ... Mont Blanc, ... highest mountain of ... Alps, is ... highest mountain in ... Europe. And which is ... highest mountain in... North America? ... Mediterranean Sea lies to ... South of ... Europe and to ... North of ...Africa. ... "Sedov" sailed on and on in ... Atlantic. ... "Times" is ... bourgeois English newspaper.

5. I don't like to drink ... coffee in ... evening. I always drink ... strong tea. Please, pass me ...tea, or it will get cold. No, milk is not needed, ... piece of ... lemon will be much better. ...lemons you brought from ... Batumi are very good.

6. At ... sunset Mary sat at ... window looking at ... sky and at ... sea in ... distance. ... picture she saw was really beautiful: ... light white clouds were getting darker, ... sun was growing smaller, ... white sail was coming nearer and nearer, shining in ... darkening air ... Mary thought of her brother who had gone to ... sea and was now on ... board of ... "Maria" sailing in ... Pacific Ocean.

Упражнение 2.

Составьте из данных слов предложения. Переведите:

1. some – the kitchen – I – for – want – furniture – to buy.

2. aren't – the table – cakes – on – there – on – any.

3. have – I - please – can – some – butter?

4. there – any – casinos – in – are – Berlin?

5. take – book – you – any – can – here.

6. lives – the west – Mary – somewhere – in.

7. something – talk – let's – else – about.

8. loves – our family – fish – in – nobody.

9. on TV – interesting – is – nothing – tonight - there.

10.anybody – my dictionary – has – seen?

Упражнение 3.

Поставьте подходящее местоимение:

1. Would you like ... (some/any/no) milk? _____
2. You can leave at ... (some/any/no) time. _____
3. Could you give me ... (some/any/no) help, please? _____
4. We must buy ... (some/any/no) vegetables for dinner. _____
5. I haven't got ... (some/any/no) eggs for pancakes. _____
6. I think ... (something/anything) is burning. _____
7. ... (Somebody/Anybody) told me about his job. _____
8. I couldn't find my umbrella ... (somewhere/anywhere/nowhere). _____
9. Sorry, I can do ... (someone/anyone/nothing) for you. _____
10. There was ... (something/anything/nobody) to answer the phone in the office. _____

Тема 4.10. Фундаменты и сваи.

Самостоятельная работа № 27. Наречия в английском языке.

Образование наречий в английском языке.

Все наречия английского языка по образованию можно разделить на 4 группы:

- Простые наречия (SIMPLE ADVERBS): soon, after, now, here, well, etc.

- DERIVED (производные) ADVERBS – Наречия, которые были образованы при помощи суффикса -ly и др. суффиксов.
- Сложные наречия (COMPOUND ADVERBS)– образованные путем сложения 2 слов: everywhere, sometimes, downstairs, etc.
- COMPOSITE (составные) PHRASAL ADVERBS – фразовые наречия: a great deal, a little bit, now and then, far enough, hell of, a lot of, etc

Чаще всего наречие образуют от прилагательного путем прибавления суффикса -ly.

Правила добавления -ly.

Если прилагательное заканчивалось на -y, то y переходит в i (y->i+ly).

- Easy + ly = easily

Если прилагательное заканчивалось на e, то e остается (e+ly = ely).

- Nice+ ly = nicely

Обратите внимание:

- Due -> duly
- True -> truly

Если прилагательное заканчивалось на -le, то le меняется на ly. (le->ly)

- Simple -> simply

Но:

- Whole -> wholly

Упражнение 1.

Выберите в правой колонке подходящее наречие. Переведите предложения:

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| 1. It is raining ... | a. fast (быстро) |
| 2. He can speak Spanish ... | b. early (рано) |
| 3. Don't cut yourself. Use the knife ... | c. gracefully (грациозно) |
| 4. Sorry, I don't understand you. Can you speak ...? | d. quietly (тихо) |
| 5. Modern cars go very ... | e. heavily (сильно, тяжело) |
| 6. During the war my grandmother worked very ... | f. carefully (осторожно) |
| 7. If you get up ..., you'll have a successful day. | g. brightly (ярко) |
| 8. My kids never make noise, they usually play ... | h. fluently (бегло) |
| 9. It's very hot today. The sun is shining ... | i. hard (много, тяжело) |
| 10. She moves like a cat: very ... | j. slowly (медленно) |

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

Упражнение 2.

Выберите в скобках подходящее слово:

1. The bus moved very ... (slow/slowly) and I arrived home late. _____
2. Miss Jones ran ... (quick/quickly) to the chemist's. _____
3. I'm afraid I wrote the test very ... (bad/badly). _____
4. She drives the car quite ... (good/well). _____
5. Dad looked at me ... (angry/angrily). _____
6. Mr. Potter was ... (deep/deeply) touched by our greetings. _____
7. We ... (hard/hardly) know each other. _____
8. The Internet is ... (wide/widely) used all over the world. _____
9. Hurry up, kids! It's ... (near/nearly) midnight. _____
10. The police officer examined the car ... (close/closely).

Упражнение 3.

Поставьте наречие из скобок в нужное место в предложении. Переведите:

Н-р: I go jogging in the morning. (always – всегда) – I **always** go jogging in the morning. (Я всегда хожу на пробежку утром.)

1. I have a salad for lunch. (usually – обычно)

2. John is rude to his parents. (never – никогда)

3. Mary watches horror films. (sometimes – иногда)

4. They go abroad for their holidays. (often – часто)

5. We drink strong coffee. (hardly ever – очень редко)

6. I am impressed by music. (rarely – редко)

7. She will remember this accident. (always – всегда)

8. The patient is sleeping after the operation. (probably – возможно)

9. The week is over. (finally – наконец-то)

10. I go to the gym twice a week. (generally – в основном)

Тема 4.11. Опалубка.

Самостоятельная работа № 28. Предлоги в английском языке.

Упражнение 1.

Вставьте предлоги on, in или into:

1. Where is the book? - - It is _____ the table. 2. Where is the tea? — It is _____ the cup.
3. Put the plates _____ the table. 4. Put the book _____ the bag. 5. There is a beautiful picture _____ the wall. 6. He went _____ the room. 7. I like to sit _____ the sofa _____ my room. 8. Mother is cooking dinner _____ the kitchen. 9. She went _____ the room and sat down _____ the sofa. 10. There are many people _____ the park today. 11. There is a girl standing _____ the bridge. Why is she crying? - She has dropped her doll _____ the water. 12. There is no tea _____ my cup. 13. Pour some tea _____ my cup. 14. Put these flowers _____ the window-sill. 15. I saw many people _____ the platform waiting for the train. 16. We went _____ the garden and sat down _____ a bench. 17. The teacher hung a picture _____ the blackboard. 18. I opened the door and went _____ the classroom. The teacher was writing some words _____ the blackboard. The pupils were writing these words _____ their exercise-books. There were some books and pens _____ the teacher's table. There were two maps _____ the wall and some flowers _____ the window-sills. I saw a pen _____ the floor. I picked it up and put it _____ the table. 19. He put his hand _____ his pocket, took out a letter and dropped it _____ the mail-box which hung _____ the wall of the house. Then he got _____ his car and drove off.

Упражнение 2.

Вставьте предлоги in или to:

1. We did not want to stay _____ town on such a hot day, so we went ... the country.
2. It is very late: Go _____ bed at once.
3. Where is your little sister? - - She is _____ bed. Mother always puts her _____ bed at eight o'clock.
4. In summer my mother does not go _____ work and I don't go _____ school. We live _____ the country. My father goes _____ work every day, so he stays _____ town. But sometimes he comes _____ the country after work and goes back ... town early in the morning, when I am still _____ bed.
5. In winter I usually go _____ bed at ten o'clock because I learn _____ school and have to get up early.

Упражнение 3.

Переведите на английский язык следующие словосочетания:

В четыре часа, _____
в половине шестого, _____

без четверти три, _____
на закате, _____
в четверть пятого, _____
в полночь, _____
в пять минут шестого, _____
без десяти два, _____
вполдень, _____
на восходе солнца, _____
двадцать пять третьего _____

Упражнение 4.

Вставьте предлоги to или of:

1. He bought a book ___ English poems and gave it ___ his sister. 2. I wrote ___ him asking to send me a box ___ chocolates. 3. The roof ___ the house is very old. 4. There is a monument ___ Pushkin in the Square ___ Arts. 5. One wheel ___ my car must be changed. 6. He was standing outside the door ___ his house and explaining ___ the mechanic what was wrong with his car. 7. He gave her a big bunch ___ flowers. 8. I sent a letter ___ my friend. 9. The streets ___ St. Petersburg are straight. 10. Many pages ___ this book are torn. 11. The young scientist was trying to prove ___ the professor the necessity ___ the experiment. 12. London is the capital ___ Great Britain. 13. The embankments ___ the Neva are faced with granite. 14. It is clear ___ me that you don't know your lesson. 15. He was devoted ___ his friend. 16. I explained ___ the teacher that by the end ___ the lesson I had not finished the translation ___ the text and that's why I had not handed it ___ him. The surprise ___ the teacher was great. My explanation seemed strange ___ the teacher.

Упражнение 5.

Вставьте предлоги with или by:

1. The boy cut his finger ___ a knife. 2. The boat was carried ___ the waves into the open sea. 3. The teacher was pleased ___ our work. 4. America was discovered ___ Columbus. 5. "Hamlet" was written ___ Shakespeare. 6. We eat soup ___ a spoon. 7. He was killed ___ a knife. 8. He was killed ___ the robbers. 9. He was knocked down ___ a big stick. 10. He was knocked down ___ a car. 11. He was taken to hospital ___ an ambulance. 12. He was treated ___ very effective drugs. 13. He was cured ___ a very skilful doctor. 14. He wrote his letter ___ a pencil. 15. He was scolded ___ his mother.

Тема 4.12. Деревянная опалубка.

Самостоятельная работа № 29. Видо-временные формы английского глагола в действительном залоге. Времена группы Simple.

Упражнение 1.

Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в одном из следующих времен: **Present Simple, Past Simple или Future Simple**:

1. He _____ (to spend) last summer in the country. 2. He _____ (not to spend) last summer in the country. 3. He (to spend) last summer in the country?

4. Where he (to spend) last summer? _____

5. She _____ (to help) mother yesterday. 6. She _____ (not to help) mother yesterday. 7. She (to help) mother yesterday? _____

8. How she (to help) mother yesterday? _____

9. Kate _____ (to cook) dinner every day. 10. Kate _____ (to cook) dinner tomorrow. 11. Kate _____ (to cook) dinner yesterday.

12. I _____ (not to eat) ice-cream every day. 13. I _____ (not to eat) ice-cream tomorrow. 14. I _____ (not to eat) ice-cream yesterday. 15. You (to go) to school every day? _____

16. You (to go) to the south next summer? _____

17. You (to go) abroad last summer? _____

18. What your brother (to do) every day? _____

19. What your brother (to do) tomorrow? _____

20. What your brother (to do) yesterday? _____

21. Mother _____ (to cook) a very tasty dinner yesterday. 22. Tomorrow Nick _____ (not to go) to school. 23. _____ Kate (not to write) letters every day.

24. You (to see) your friend yesterday? _____

25. Your father (to go) on a business trip last month? _____

26. When Nick (to get) up every morning? _____

27. Where your mother (to go) tomorrow? _____

28. I _____ (to invite) my friends to come to my place tomorrow.

29. He _____ (not to play) the piano tomorrow. 30. We _____ (to see) a very good film last Sunday. 31. Your mother (to cook) every day? _____

32. We _____ (to make) a fire last summer. 33. I _____ (to spend) last summer at the sea-side. 34. Where you (to spend) last summer? _____

-
35. Where he (to spend) next summer? _____
36. I _____(not to play) computer games yesterday. 37. Last Sunday we _____(to go) to the theatre. 38. I _____(to (meet) my friend yesterday.
39. You (to write) a dictation tomorrow? _____
40. We _____(to go) on a tramp last Sunday. 41. Your brother (to go) to the country with us next Sunday? _____
42. We _____(to cook) our meals on a fire last summer. 43. My sister _____(to wash) the dishes every morning. 44. When you (to go) to school? _____
45. What you (to prepare) for breakfast tomorrow? _____
-
46. You (to invite) your cousin to stay with you next summer? _____
-
47. How you (to help) your sister last summer? _____
-
48. I _____(to send) a letter to my friend tomorrow. 49. Every morning on the way to school I _____(to meet) my friends. 50. My friend _____(to go) to the library every Wednesday. 51. He _____(not to go) to the country yesterday. 52. Why you (to go) to the shop yesterday? _____
-
53. We _____(to grow) tomatoes next summer. 54. Where your father (to work) last year? _____
55. You _____(to go) to the south next summer!
56. He _____(not to watch) TV yesterday. 57. Yesterday we _____(to write) a test-paper. 58. I _____(to buy) a very good book last Tuesday. 59. My granny _____(not to buy) bread yesterday. 60. What you (to buy) at the shop tomorrow? _____
-

Тема 4.14. Полы.

Самостоятельная работа № 30. Видо-временные формы английского глагола в действительном залоге. Времена группы Simple /Continuous .

Упражнение 1.

Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в **Present Continuous** или **Present Simple**:

1. His father _____(not to watch) TV at the moment. He _____(to sleep) because he _____(to be) tired. 2. Pat (not to cook) dinner at the moment. She (to cook) dinner every Monday. 3. I _____(not to drink) coffee now. I _____(to write) an English exercise. 4. I _____(not to drink) coffee in the evening. I _____(to drink) coffee in the morning. 5. Your friend (to do) his homework now? _____
-
6. Your friend (to go) to school in the morning? _____
-

7. Look! The baby _____ (to sleep). 8. The baby always _____ (to sleep) after dinner. 9. My grandmother _____ (not to work). She is on pension. 10. My father _____ (not to sleep) now. He _____ (to work) in the garden. 11. I usually _____ (to get) up at seven o'clock in the morning. 12. What your sister (to do) now? _____ – She _____ (to wash) her face and hands. 13. When you usually (to come) home from school? _____ – I _____ (to come) at three o'clock. 14. Where your cousin (to work)? – He (to work) at a hospital. 15. Your sister (to study) at college? _____ – No, she _____ (to go) to school. 16. My cousin _____ (to go) to school every day. 17. My mother _____ (not to play) the piano now. She _____ (to play) the piano in the morning. 18. When you (to listen) to the news on the radio? _____ 19. Who _____ (to make) breakfast for you now? 20. You (to read) a magazine and (to think) about your holidays at the moment? _____ 21. They _____ (to be) good dancers but they _____ (not to go) to discos very often. 22. What she (to talk) about right now? _____

Упражнение 2.

Сравните употребление **Present Continuous** (действие протекает в момент речи) и **Past Continuous** (действие протекало в определенный момент в прошлом). Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в **Present Continuous** или **Past Continuous**:

1. I _____ (to write) an English exercise now.
2. I _____ (to write) an English exercise at this time yesterday.
3. My little sister _____ (to sleep) now.
4. My little sister _____ (to sleep) at this time yesterday.
5. My friends _____ (not to do) their homework now. They _____ (to play) volley-ball.
6. My friends _____ (not to do) their homework at seven o'clock yesterday. They _____ (to play) volley-ball.
7. You (to eat) ice-cream now? _____
8. You (to eat) ice-cream when I rang you up yesterday? _____
9. What your father (to do) now? _____
10. What your father (to do) from eight till nine yesterday? _____
11. Why she (to cry) now? _____
12. Why she (to cry) when I saw her yesterday? _____
13. She _____ (to read) the whole evening yesterday.

14. She _____ (not to read) now.
 15. Now she _____ (to go) to school.
 16. What you (to do) now? _____
 -I _____ (to drink) tea.
 17. You (to drink) tea at this time yesterday? _____
 _____ — No, I _____
 (not to drink) tea at this time yesterday, I _____ (to eat) a banana.
 18. My sister is fond of reading. She _____ (to read) the whole evening yesterday, and now she _____ (to read) again,
 19. Look! My cat _____ (to play) with a ball. 20. When I went out into the garden, the sun _____ (to shine) and birds _____ (to sing) in the trees.

Упражнение 3.

Сравните употребление **Past Simple** и **Past Continuous**.

Обратите внимание на обстоятельства времени, характерные для **Past Continuous**: *at... o'clock yesterday /when mother came home/ from 5 till 6 yesterday/ the whole evening*

Обратите также внимание на следующие два предложения:

We played chess in the evening (вечером) Past Simple

We were playing chess the whole evening (весь вечер) — Past Continuous

Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в **Past Simple** или **Past Continuous**:

1. I _____ (to play) computer games yesterday.
2. I _____ (to play) computer games at five o'clock yesterday.
3. He _____ (to play) computer games from two till three yesterday.
4. We _____ (to play) computer games the whole evening yesterday.
5. What Nick (to do) when you came to his place?

6. What you (to do) when I rang you up? _____
7. I _____ (not to sleep) at nine o'clock yesterday.
8. What he (to do) yesterday? _____
- He _____ (to read) a book.
9. What he (to do) the whole evening yesterday? _____
He _____ (to read) a book.
10. She (to sleep) when you came home? _____
11. My brother _____ (not to play) tennis yesterday. He _____ (to play) tennis the day before yesterday.
12. My sister _____ (not to play) the piano at four o'clock yesterday. She _____ (to play) the piano the whole evening.
13. When I came into the kitchen, my mother _____ (to cook).
14. She _____ (to cook) the whole day yesterday.
15. We _____ (to wash) the floor in our flat yesterday.
16. We _____ (to wash) the floor in our flat from three till four yesterday.
17. You (to do) your homework yesterday? _____

18. You (to do) your homework from eight till ten yesterday?

19. Why she (to sleep) at seven o'clock yesterday? _____

20. He _____ (to sit) at the table the whole evening yesterday.

Упражнение 4.

*Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в одном из следующих времен-
Present Simple, Past Simple, Present Continuous, Past Continuous:*

1. Nina _____ (to celebrate) her birthday yesterday. Her room looked beautiful, there _____ (to be) many flowers in it. When I _____ (to come) in, somebody _____ (to play) the piano, two or three pairs _____ (to dance).

2. Listen! Somebody _____ (to play) the piano.

3. I _____ (to like) music very much.

4. When I _____ (to look) out of the window, it _____ (to rain) heavily and people _____ (to hurry) along the streets.

5. What you (to do) at seven o'clock yesterday?

I _____ (to have) supper.

6. When I _____ (to come) home yesterday, I _____ (to see) that all my family _____ (to sit) round the table.

Father _____ (to read) a letter from my uncle who _____ (to live) in Kiev.

7. Where you (to be) yesterday?

I _____ (to be) at home the whole day. — How strange. I _____ (to ring) you up at two o'clock, but nobody _____ (to answer). — Oh, I _____ (to be) in the garden. I _____ (to read) your book and _____ (not to hear) the telephone.

8. What you (to do) at five o'clock yesterday?

I _____ (to work) in the library. — I _____ (to be) there, too, but I _____ (not to see) you.

9. Yesterday I _____ (to work) at my English from five till seven.

10. It _____ (to rain) the whole day yesterday.

11. Where your sister (to be) now? _____

She _____ (to be) in her room. She _____ (to do) her homework.

12. Look at these children: they _____ (to skate) very well.

13. You (to skate) last Sunday?

Yes, we _____ (to skate) the whole day last Sunday.

We _____ (to skate) again next Sunday.

14. My brother can skate very well. He _____ (to skate) every Sunday.

15. What you (to do) now? _____

I _____ (to wash) the dishes.

16. What you (to do) at three o'clock yesterday? _____

_____ - I _____ (to have) dinner.

17. You (to have) dinner now?

_____ 18. Where your brother (to work)? _____

— He _____ (to work) at an institute.

19. Your grandmother (to sleep) when you (to come) home yesterday?

_____ 20. What your brother (to do) tomorrow? _____

_____ 21. I _____ (not to go) to the shop yesterday.

I _____ (to go) to the shop tomorrow.

22. Where Kate (to go) when you (to meet) her yesterday? _____

_____ 23. Every day the boss _____ (to enter) the office at nine o'clock.

24. Yesterday the boss _____ (to enter) the office at half past nine.

25. When the secretary (to come) tomorrow? _____

_____ 26. At six o'clock yesterday we _____ (to listen) to a very interesting lecture.

27. When I _____ (to enter) the office, the secretary _____ (to type) some letters.

28. My friend _____ (to ring) me up at eight o'clock yesterday.

Тема 4.15. Бетонные перекрытия.

Самостоятельная работа № 31. Видо-временные формы английского глагола в действительном залоге. Времена группы Perfect .

Упражнение 1.

Поставьте глагол в форму *Present Perfect*, *Past Perfect* или *Future Perfect*:

to arrive

1. Our taxi _____ by 9 o'clock yesterday morning.

2. Let's go. The guests _____ already _____.

3. They _____ by the time the meeting starts.

to be

4. I am tired of waiting. Where _____ you _____?

5. By the time I'm 30 I _____ a famous scientist.

6. He didn't remember where he _____ before the accident.

to paint

7. We _____ the house by next Tuesday.

8. She _____ already _____ more than 10 pictures.
9. I wondered if they _____ the room.

Упражнение 2.

Раскройте скобки, употребив глагол в форме Present Perfect, Past Perfect или Future Perfect:

1. Sam _____ (lose) his keys. So he can't open the door.
2. When I woke up in the morning, the rain _____ already _____ (stop).
3. I hope I _____ (finish) my test by midnight.
4. The film turned out to be much longer than we _____ (expect).
5. My sister _____ just _____ (leave) for the bank.
6. The girls were good friends. They _____ (know) each other for 5 years.
7. Mother _____ (lay) the table before we come.
8. I _____ never _____ (try) Japanese food.
9. Ted was so happy because his dream _____ (come) true.
10. We _____ (be) to Paris many times.

Упражнение 3.

Выберите и подчеркните в скобках подходящее слово или словосочетание. Переведите предложения:

1. She will have finished her resume ... (on Monday/by Monday/last Monday).

2. The aircraft hasn't landed ... (yet/just/already).

3. We have lived in New York ... (since/from/for) three years.

4. ... (After/Already/Ago) they had eaten the cake, they cleared the table.

5. They will have decorated the Christmas tree ... (by the time/before/by then).

6. My uncle has ... (already/yet/ago) repaired his car.

7. I haven't met them ... (from/since/for) their wedding.

8. ... (By the time/Already/Just) the sun set, the farmers had already stopped working.

9. Have you ... (just/ever/yet) been married, Kelly?

- 10.... (When/How much/How long) has he known her?

Тема 5.3. Бетонные работы.

Самостоятельная работа № 32. Видо-временные формы английского глагола в страдательном залоге.



	Indefinite/ Simple	Continuous/ Progressive	Perfect
Present	<i>am</i> <i>is</i> — <u><i>taken</i></u> <i>are</i>	<i>am</i> <i>is</i> — <i>being</i> <u><i>taken</i></u> <i>are</i>	<i>have</i> <i>has</i> — <i>been</i> <u><i>taken</i></u>
Past	<i>was</i> <i>were</i> — <u><i>taken</i></u>	<i>was</i> <i>were</i> — <i>being</i> <u><i>taken</i></u>	<i>had been</i> <u><i>taken</i></u>
Future	<i>shall</i> <i>will</i> — <i>be</i> <u><i>taken</i></u>	-----	<i>shall</i> <i>will</i> — <i>have been</i> <u><i>taken</i></u>

Упражнение 1.

Используйте правильную форму глагола в пассивном залоге:

- The roads _____ (cover) with the snow.
- Chocolate _____ (make) of cocoa.
- The Pyramids _____ (build) in Egypt.
- This coat _____ (buy) four years ago.
- The stadium _____ (open) next month.
- Your parents _____ (invite) to a meeting next Saturday.
- Where is your car? – It _____ (mend) at the moment.
- The books _____ already _____ (pack).
- The castle can _____ (see) from a long distance.
- The guests must _____ (meet) at noon.

Упражнение 2.

Измените предложения по образцу:

И-р: Shakespeare **wrote** "Romeo and Juliet". – "Romeo and Juliet" **was written** by Shakespeare.

- Popov invented radio in Russia.

2. Every four years people elect a new president in the USA.

3. The police caught a bank robber last night.

-
4. Sorry, we don't allow dogs in our safari park.

 5. The postman will leave my letter by the door.

 6. My mum has made a delicious cherry pie for dinner.

 7. George didn't repair my clock.

 8. Wait a little, my neighbor is telling an interesting story.

 9. My son can write some more articles about football.

 10. You must clean your bedroom tonight.

Упражнение 3.

Дайте полные ответы на следующие вопросы:

1. Are the Olympic Games held every 10 years?

2. Is bread made of flour or potatoes?

3. Was the Eifel Tower built in Moscow?

4. Will the final exams be taken in summer or in winter?

5. When is Christmas celebrated in Europe?

Тема 5.5. Оборудование для бетонных работ.

Самостоятельная работа № 33. Порядок слов в английском предложении.

Порядок слов в утвердительном предложении.

Подлежащее	Сказуемое	Дополнение	Обстоятельство		
			Образ действия	Места	Времени
He	is our new teacher of English				
I	bought	a nice watch		here	yesterday
Tom	stopped	the cat	suddenly		
The situation	has been explained	to me			

Порядок слов в вопросительном предложении

Вопросительное слово	Вспомогательный глагол	Подлежащее	Остальная часть сказуемого	Дополнения: прямое, косвенное	Обстоятельства места, времени
	Was	your girl-friend			here yesterday?
	Did	they	explain	the situation to you?	
When	was	the situation	explained	to you?	
When	did	you	see	him?	
Who(m)	have	you	Bought	the watch for?	

Упражнение 1.

Расставьте слова в предложениях по порядку:

1. usually / at 10 o'clock / out of the garage / in the morning / drives / his bike / Fred

2. a shower / after dinner / often / Mrs Lewis / takes

3. a parking place / near the library / we / find / seldom

4. to / I / on / a / night-club / sometimes / Saturdays / go

5. fly / my parents / to Australia / sometimes / I / in winter / and

6. enjoys / very much / swimming / in the pool / always / Mary

7. hardly / last year / could / skate / I

8. is / near / house / there / new / a / our / cinema

9. got / my / problems / I / with / have / home-task / some

10. well / think / your / very / I / don't / sister / drives

11. to / parents / once / the theatre / month / my / a / go

12. his / car / two / ago / Jim / sold / years

13. necklace / can't / anywhere / Cindy / her / find

14. been / to / India / Mike / has / year / already / this

15. lunch / never / weekdays / she / has / on

Упражнение 2.

Переведите на английский язык:

1. Телевизор я смотрю редко.
2. На улице темно, и я скоро подую спать.
3. Они что-то очень шумно обсуждают в спальне.
4. Он медленно шел вдоль реки.
5. На уроках мы часто поем песни.
6. Я тихо закрыла дверь и сразу же пошла в ванну.
7. Мой дядя очень любит рыбалку.

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

8. Анна умеет хорошо играть в теннис.

9. Она все время кричит на детей.

10. Твои книги я положу на стол.

11. Я недостаточно хорошо его знаю.

12. По телевизору много хороших фильмов сегодня.

13. В парке есть красивый фонтан.

14. В прошлый вторник было очень ветрено

15. Эти туфли я купила в Италии.

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

11. _____

12. _____

13. _____

14. _____

15 _____

Упражнение 3.

Задайте к следующим предложениям специальные вопросы, начиная со слов в скобках. Обращайте внимание на форму глагола, а также на вопросы к подлежащему:

1. Robert's sister likes black coffee in the morning. (What ...? Whose ...? What kind of ...? Why ...? When...?)

2. My dad went fishing to the lake with his brother twice a month. (Who ...? Where ...? Who ... with? How often ...?)

3. They will book a room at a hotel in Madrid during their honeymoon. (Who ...? Where ...? When ...?)

4. I have just seen our neighbor in the supermarket. (Whom ...? Whose ...? Where ...?)

5. There are five polar bears in the zoo. (Who ...? How many ...? What kind of ...?)

6. Bob was a successful businessman because he owned 3 clothes stores in New York. (Who ...? Why ...? How many ...? Where ...?)

7. I can see hundreds of bright stars in the sky now. (Where ...? When ...? How many ...?)

8. Julia is cooking Mexican food in the kitchen. (Who ...? What kind of ...? Where ...?)

Упражнение 4.

Выразите свое сомнение или удивление, образовав разделительные вопросы:

Например: *Mark bought this souvenir in India.* – *Mark bought this souvenir in India, didn't he?* (Марк купил этот сувенир в Индии, правда?)

1. Ella misses her mother, _____
2. Our receptionist isn't friendly, _____
3. These skyscrapers were built before the war, _____
4. He will run a private hospital, _____
5. You don't respect your boss, _____
6. She has made a final decision, _____
7. Your dog can crawl under a chair, _____
8. Sam and Kate are going to become vegetarians, _____

Упражнение 5.

К каждому предложению задайте по одному общему вопросу и несколько альтернативных, используя предлагаемые в скобках варианты:

Например: *Alice annoys me by her bright make-up.* (Алиса раздражает меня своим ярким макияжем.) (*Ann — clothes*) – *Does Alice annoy you?* (Алиса раздражает тебя?) *Does Alice or Ann annoy you?* (Алиса или Аня раздражает тебя?) *Does Alice annoy you by her bright make-up or clothes?* (Алиса раздражает тебя ярким макияжем или одеждой?)

1. They heard a noise in the living room. (music – in the kitchen)

2. He has found two black kittens near the shop. (three – near the office)

3. Every morning I give my son some pocket money. (daughter – every evening)

4. The cargo will be delivered next Friday by ship. (Sunday – by plane)

5. The photos are in a drawer of the wardrobe. (the cupboard – the passports)

6. We can stay in Moscow for another week. (in Minsk – month)

Тема 5.8. Бетонные конструкции.

Самостоятельная работа № 34. Согласование времен.

1. Правила согласования времен.

Характерная особенность английского языка заключается в так называемом **согласовании времён**: время глагола придаточного предложения зависит от времени главного предложения.

Правило согласования времён представляет особую трудность, когда сказуемое главного предложения выражено глаголом в одной из форм прошедшего времени.

В этом случае в придаточных предложениях не могут употребляться формы настоящего и будущего времени глаголов, хотя речь идёт о действиях, которые совершаются в настоящем или будут совершаться в будущем.

Если глагол в главном предложении стоит в одном из прошедших времен, то и глагол придаточного предложения должен стоять в одном из прошедших времен.

В таких случаях правило согласования времен допускает три основных варианта:

- Если действие в придаточном предложении происходит одновременно с действием в главном предложении, то нужно использовать [Past Simple](#) или [Past Continuous](#):

They told us, "We **are going** to the library."

Они сказали нам : «Мы идем в библиотеку».

They told us they **were going** to the library.

Они сказали нам, что идут в библиотеку.

- Если действие в придаточном предложении предшествует действию в главном предложении, то глагол в придаточном используется в [Past Perfect](#) или [Past Perfect Continuous](#):

We were told, "It **was raining** a lot."

Нам сказали: «Было много дождей».

We were told that it **had been raining** a lot.

Нам сказали, что было много дождей.

- Если действие в придаточном предложении следует после действия в главном, то нужно использовать одно из времен [Future-in the-Past](#):

She said: "I **will try to get** the highest mark on the exam."

Она сказала: «Я постараюсь заработать на экзамене лучшую оценку».

She said she **would try to get** the highest mark on the exam.

Она сказала, что постарается заработать на экзамене лучшую оценку.

Таблица согласования времен в английском языке

Время прямой речи	Present Indefinite	Present Continuous	Present Perfect	Past Indefinite	Past Perfect	Future Indefinite
Время косвенной речи	Past Indefinite	Past Continuous	Past Perfect	Past Perfect	Past Perfect	Future Indefinite in the Past

2. Случаи несоблюдения правил согласования

В каких случаях не соблюдают правила согласования времен в английском языке?

Если вы столкнетесь с ниже перечисленными условиями, вы можете не соблюдать правила согласования времен в английском языке.

1. В придаточном предложении говорится о всемирно известной истине или факте:

The pupils were told that the Earth moves around the Sun. — Ученикам сказали, что Земля вращается вокруг Солнца.

2. В придаточном предложении есть модальный глагол must, should, ought to:
I said that I must meet her. – Я сказал, что мне надо встретить ее.

3. Если говорящий ссылается на слова, которые только что были сказаны:

Kate: Stay with me, Mark. I will cook something delicious. – Кейт: Остайся со мной, Марк. Я приготовлю что-нибудь вкусное.

Mark to Elza: Kate said she will cook something delicious. – Марк Эльзе: Кейт сказала, что приготовит что-то вкусное.

4. В придаточном предложении, вводимом союзами when / since, простое прошедшее время (Past Simple) не изменяет своей формы:

I answered that I hadn't met her since we moved. – Я ответил, что не видел ее после того, как мы переехали.

5. Если в придаточном предложении прошедшее длительное время (Past Continuous), то оно тоже не меняется:

Steve said that when he came home his father was watching TV. – Стив сказал, что, когда он пришел домой, его отец смотрел телевизор.

Упражнение 1. Выберите и отметьте правильный вариант ответа:

Задание 1.

Greg said that ... a new job.

1. he will need
2. he needed
3. would he need

Задание 3.

He said that he ... that film.

1. had already seen
2. has already seen
3. was seen

Задание 2.

Tim complained that he ... at four o'clock in the morning.

1. is working
2. will be working
3. was working

Задание 4.

Anna explained to me that the hairdresser's ... down the road.

1. is located
2. was located
3. locates

Задание 5.

Charles said that he ... me the following day.

1. would have called
2. will call
3. would call

Задание 6.

Bill asked me what ... for dinner the day before.

1. I have made
2. I had made
3. had I made

Задание 7.

He said that If I ... Kathrin, she ... me.

1. ask / will help
2. have asked / would help
3. asked / would help

Задание 8.

I was worried if ... enough space to buy a new TV set to my room.

1. I would have
2. would I have
3. I will have

Задание 9.

Alex wondered if ... for the weekend at his place.

1. his sister will stay
2. his sister was going to stay
3. his sister is going to stay

Задание 10.

I wasn't sure if my purchases ... or not and I didn't know whom to ask about it.

1. delivered
2. had been delivered
3. will be delivered

Упражнение 2.

Выберите и подчеркните верный вариант глагола и переведите предложения:

1. I knew that my sister ... (have/has/had) a problem.

2. I know that my sister ... (have/has/had) a problem.

3. I knew that my sister ... (will have/would have/had) a problem soon.

4. He said he ... (lived/has lived/had lived) in Moscow since 2005.

5. She asks me if the flight ... (has been cancelled/had been cancelled/been cancelled).

6. She asked me if the flight ... (has been cancelled/had been cancelled/was cancelled).

7. Nobody knew what ... (will happen/would happen/happens) next.

8. Mike said that he ... (hasn't met/didn't meet/hadn't met) Helen since they parted.

9. Kelly said that she ... (didn't want/doesn't want/hadn't wanted) to wear her hat.

10. We didn't expect that he ... (showed/will show/would show) us the film.

Тема 5.9. Окна и двери.

Самостоятельная работа № 35. Прямая и косвенная речь.

Упражнение 1.

Преобразите следующие предложения в косвенную речь, сделав все необходимые изменения:

Н-р: Jack said: "I am working hard." (Джэк сказал: «Я много работаю.»)

Jack said (that) he was working hard. (Джэк сказал, что много работает.)

I told her: "You can join us." (Я сказал ей: «Ты можешь присоединиться к нам.»)

I told her (that) she could join us. (Я сказал ей, что она может присоединиться к нам.)

1. Fred said: "I have invented a new computer program". (Фрэд сказал: «Я изобрел новую компьютерную программу.») 1 _____

2. Mary said: "I will help my sister." (Мэри сказала: «Я помогу своей сестре.») 2 _____

3. They told me: "We were really happy." (Они сказали мне: «Мы были очень счастливы.») 3 _____

4. She said: "I live in a big apartment." (Она сказала: «Я живу в большой квартире.») 4 _____

5. He told her: "I am going to the fish market." (Он сказал ей: «Я собираюсь на рыбный рынок.») 5 _____

6. Betty said: "I found my passport." (Бетти сказала: «Я нашла свой паспорт.») 6 _____

7. Mr. Ford said: "I don't like pork." (М-р Форд сказал: «Я не люблю свинину.») 7 _____

8. Little Tim told his mother: "I am sleepy." (Маленький Тим сказал маме: «Я хочу спать.») 8 _____

Упражнение 2.

Измените вопросы на косвенную речь:

Н-р: "Where does your niece live?" («Где живет твоя племянница?») **live?**

He wanted to know where the niece **lived.**

(Он хотел знать, где живет племянница.)

"Can you type?" («Ты умеешь печатать?») **Can you type?**

The manager asked **if I could type.** (Менеджер спросил, могу ли я печатать.)

1. "Where has Jim gone?" («Куда ушел Джим?») Maria wanted to know _____
2. "What did the workers eat?" («Что ели рабочие?») They asked _____
3. «Have you ever been to China, Sam?» («Ты когда-нибудь был в Китае, Сэм?») I asked _____
4. "Are you French or Italian?" («Вы француз или итальянец?») She wanted to know _____
5. "When will the next train arrive?" («Когда прибудет следующий поезд?») I asked _____
6. "Do you grow flowers in your garden, Mrs. Smith?" («Вы выращиваете цветы в своем саду, миссис Смит?») She wondered _____

Упражнение 3.

Преобразуйте прямую речь в косвенную. Отметьте правильный вариант ответа. Переведите предложения на русский язык:

1. He says, "You are right." _____
 a) he says that I am right
 b) he says which I right
 c) he says I was right
 d) he said I are right
2. She says to him, "I have a right to know." _____
 a) she tells him that she would have a right to know
 b) she tell him she have a right to know
 c) she says him she has a right to know
 d) she tells him that she has a right to know
3. We said to them, "We have no money." _____
 a) we told them that we have no money
 b) we told them that we had no money
 c) we told them we have no money
 d) we told to them that we had no money
4. He said, "I have changed my opinion." _____
 a) he said that he had changed his opinion
 b) he said that he have changed his opinion
 c) he said that he would have changed his opinion
 d) he said that he changed his opinion
5. He said, "I will bring you a book tomorrow". _____
 a) he said that he would bring me a book the next day

- b) he said that he will bring me a book the next day
 c) he said that he brings me a book tomorrow
 d) he said that he would bring me a book tomorrow
6. They said, "We were in the USA the day before yesterday". _____
 a) they said that they had been in the USA two days after _____
 b) they said that they had been in the USA the days before yesterday
 c) they said that they have been in the USA two days before
 d) they said that they had been in the USA two days before
7. He asked her, "Do you speak English?" _____
 a) he asked her if she have spoke English
 b) he asked her if she speaks English
 c) he asked her if she had spoke English
 d) he asked her if she spoke English
8. I asked them, "Have you been to Africa?" _____
 a) I asked them whether they had been to Africa
 b) I asked them whether they have been to Africa
 c) I asked them whether they were to Africa
 d) I asked them whether they would be to Africa
9. He asked us, "What are your names?" _____
 a) he asked us our names what were
 b) he asked our what names are
 c) he asked us what our names are
 d) he asked us what our names were
10. She said to me, "Don't talk to me". _____
 a) she told me not to talk to her
 b) she told me to not talk to her
 c) she told me not to talk to me
 d) she told me do not to talk to her

Тема 5.10. Изоляция.

Самостоятельная работа № 36. Сложные предложения.

Упражнение 1. *Образуйте сложное предложение, соединив два простых предложения подходящим союзом "and – but – or – so – because" (возможны несколько вариантов):*

1. The taxi stopped. The passenger got out.

2. The taxi stopped. The passenger stayed in the car.

3. My brother is married. He lives in Italy.

4. My brother is married. My sister is single.

5. It rained yesterday. We stayed at home.

6. I bought a magazine. I haven't read it yet.

7. They've got a nice house. They haven't got a garden.

8. Mary often goes to the theatre. She loves operas.

9. Are you going to make a cake? Have you already made it?

10. Our neighbors were very poor. They never asked for help.

11. We opened the window. It was too hot inside.

12. The sea was cold. We didn't go swimming.

13. I was so tired. I went to bed.

14. Tim doesn't like Moscow. It is very noisy and big.

15. It was a difficult exam. I passed it.

16. They wanted to eat sushi. There wasn't any Japanese restaurant nearby.

17. Gordon worked hard. She could make a lot of money.

18. Joanna is fond of tennis. She plays really well.

19. To get to town you can take any bus. You can just walk.

20. I needed some help with French. I took private lessons.

Упражнение 2.

Поставьте союзы *but* или *so*. Переведите:

1. We were late, _____ we missed the train. _____

2. I live in Oxford, _____ I work in London. _____

3. The film was too long, ___ it was quite interesting. _____

4. He lost his laptop, ___ he went to the police station. _____

5. The hotel is very expensive, ___ only rich people stay there.

Упражнение 3.

Выберите и подчеркните подходящий союз:

1. Some of my friends have found the work ... (after – while – before) others are still unemployed.
2. I agree with the idea, ... (since – although – before) I don't think it's quite practical.
3. You should brush your teeth ... (after – before – while) have finished your meal.
4. Let's go home ... (after – before – while) it starts raining.
5. The storm started ... (after – before – while) the kids were playing in the yard.
6. Give this book to Sam ... (since – when – until) you see him.
7. He has ridden a horse ... (since – when – until) he was a little boy.
8. The first jeans were designed for workers, ... (since – although – before) today they are worn all over the world.
9. The sun is quite warm today, ... (after – while – before) the air is still chilly.
- 10.... (Unless – When – While) they help me, I won't be able to finish the report on time.

Тема 5.11. Лестницы.

Самостоятельная работа № 37. Условные предложения.

Тип	Придаточное предложение (условие)	Главное предложение	Пример	Перевод
1. Реальное условие, относящееся к настоящему, будущему или прошедшему времени	Present Simple V/Vs	Future Simple shall/will + V	If I have money, I will buy a car. If the weather is fine, we will go for a walk.	Если у меня будут деньги, я куплю машину. Если погода будет хорошая, мы пойдем гулять.
2. Нереальное или маловероятное условие, относящееся к настоящему или будущему времени	Past Simple V ₂ Глагол to be будет иметь форму множественного числа (were)	Future-in-the Past Simple would/should/could/might + V ₁	If the weather was fine, I went for a walk. If I were a princess, I would live in a palace. If I had money, I would buy a car.	Если бы погода была хорошей, мы бы пошли гулять. Если бы я была принцессой, я бы жила во дворце. Если бы у меня были деньги, я бы купил машину.
3. Нереальное условие, относящееся к прошлому времени	Past Perfect had + V ₃	Future-in-the Past Perfect would/should/could/might + have + V ₃	If I had had money last year, I would have bought a car.	Если бы у меня были деньги в прошлом году, я бы купил машину.

Упражнение 1.

Раскройте скобки в условных предложениях I типа и поставьте глаголы в правильную форму:

Н-р: *If it ... (rain), we ... (stay) at home.*

(Если пойдет дождь, мы останемся дома.)

If it rains, we shall stay at home.

- If he _____ (practice) every day, he _____ (become) a champion.
- She _____ (help) us if we _____ (ask).

3. If they _____ (have) enough money, they _____ (open) a restaurant next year.
4. I _____ (not talk) to you anymore if you _____ (insult) me.
5. If Bob _____ (not keep) his word, Anna _____ (be) angry with him.

Упражнение 2.

Раскройте скобки в условных предложениях II типа и поставьте глаголы в правильную форму:

Н-р: *If Susan ... (move) to Tokyo, she ... (live) near her sister.*

(Если бы Сюзан переехала в Токио, она бы жила рядом со своей сестрой.)

*If Susan **moved** to Tokyo, she **would live** near her sister.*

1. If you _____ (have) a driving license, you _____ (get) this job.
2. My dog _____ (be) 20 years old today if it _____ (be) alive.
3. I _____ (go) to the police if I _____ (be) you.
4. If people _____ (not buy) guns, the world _____ (become) safer.
5. Tom _____ (not eat) much "fast food" if his wife _____ (cook) at home.

Упражнение 3.

Раскройте скобки в условных предложениях III типа и поставьте глаголы в правильную форму:

Н-р: *John ... (not have) a car accident if he ... (choose) another road.*

(Джон не попал бы в автомобильную аварию, если бы выбрал другую дорогу.)

*John **wouldn't have had** a car accident if he **had chosen** another road.*

1. I _____ (visit) Sarah yesterday if I _____ (know) that she was ill.
2. If you _____ (go) with me to Paris last month, you _____ (see) the Eifel Tower too.
3. We _____ (not get wet), if you _____ (take) an umbrella.
4. If Mum _____ (not open) the windows, our room _____ (not be) full of mosquitoes.
5. Nick _____ (not be) so tired this morning if he _____ (go to bed) early last night.

Упражнение 4.

Подберите к первой части условных предложений (из первого столбика) их окончание (из второго столбика). Обратите внимание на тип условного предложения. Переведите получившиеся предложения:

Н-р: *I – c (Мы бы испекли торт, если бы мы купили немного яиц вчера.)*

- 1) We would have made a cake
- 2) If it rains much
- 3) If I knew English well
- 4) My kids wouldn't have cried
- 5) I would call him
- 6) She will put this dress on

- a) if he hadn't shouted at them.
- b) if she loses weight.
- c) if we had bought some eggs yesterday.
- d) if I were you.
- e) I would be an interpreter.
- f) the flowers will grow very fast.

2 _____

3 _____

4 _____

5 _____

6 _____

Упражнение 5.

Переведите условные предложения всех типов:

1. Если бы у меня был отпуск сейчас, я бы поехал на озеро Байкал.
2. Я посмотрю этот фильм, если он понравится тебе.
3. Если бы ты подписал документы вчера, мы бы отослали их сегодня.
4. Если бы Джон не потерял номер телефона, он бы позвонил ей.
5. Марк был бы здоровым мужчиной, если бы не курил.
6. Если я пойду в магазин, я куплю новый телефон.

1 _____

2 _____

3 _____

4 _____

5 _____

6 _____

Тема 5.13. Как защитить крышу от дождя.

Самостоятельная работа № 38. Сослагательное наклонение.

Упражнение 1.

Раскройте скобки, употребляя правильную форму глагола в сослагательном наклонении после «I wish»:

1. I wish I _____ (be) taller so that I could be in the basketball team.
2. I wish I _____ (can drive) a car and we could go travelling.
3. The Browns live in the city, but they wish they _____ (live) in the suburbs.
4. Robert can't dance very well, but he wishes he _____ (can dance) better.
5. Kate is having a hard time learning English at the University. She wishes she _____ (study) it better at school.
6. Mike didn't go to college after school. Now, he wishes he _____ (go) to college.
7. The weather was hot while we were there. I wish it _____ (be) a bit cooler.
8. I wish you _____ (stop) watching TV while I am talking to you.
9. I wish she _____ (can come) yesterday but she had an important meeting.
10. I wish I _____ (know) someone to whom I could have gone for advice when I was 18.

Упражнение 2.

Раскройте скобки, употребляя правильную форму глагола в сослагательном наклонении после «I wish»:

1. The weather was awful. I wish it _____ (to be) better.
2. I wish I _____ (to know) Sue's telephone number.
3. I wish it _____ (not to rain) so much in England last week.
4. Do you wish you _____ (to study) science instead of languages last year?
5. I feel sick. I wish I _____ (not to eat) so much.
6. It's crowded here. I wish there _____ (not to be) so many people.
7. I wish I _____ (to be) taller.
8. I wish you _____ (stop) shouting. I am not deaf you know.
9. I wish he _____ (to borrow) that book from the library last week.
10. I wish you _____ (to give) him my phone number at that party.
11. I wish it _____ (to stop) raining.
12. I wish I _____ (can speak) several languages.
13. If only I _____ (to have) the chance to study when I was younger.

Упражнение 3.

Подчеркните верный вариант ответа:

- 1) I wish he... (will get/got/would get) on better with his parents.
- 2) I wish you... (stopped/will stop/ would stop) talking at the lessons.

- 3) I wish I... (have/ had/had had) more money.
- 4) If only I... (was having / have had / had had) the chance to study when I was younger.
- 5) If only I... (would keep / kept / had kept) my appointment with the dentist yesterday. I wouldn't have toothache now.
- 6) If only you... (will/would/ wouldn't) make less noise.
- 7) I wish I ... (had been / hadn't been / weren't) disappointed after such an inspiring speech yesterday.
- 8) If only you ... (had been / would be / were) tolerant of each other's moods in your family! You would get on better.
- 9) I wish I... (had learnt / learnt / have learnt) to trust my own judgments in my childhood.

Тема 5.15. Финальная отделка.

Самостоятельная работа № 39. **Обзор грамматического материала.**

Выполните задания теста, отметив верный вариант ответа. Объясните преподавателю ваш выбор (устно):

Test1

1. Have you ever visited other countries? - Yes, I... to Italy and France.

a) was	c) had been
b) have been	d) would be
2. I feel really tired. We ... to the party last night and have just returned home.

a) went	c) had seen
b) has gone	d) was going
3. At the beginning of the film I realized that I ... it before.

a) see	c) had seen
b) saw	d) have seen
4. When the bus stopped in the small square, Helen ... her magazine and didn't realized at first that she had arrived at her destination.

a) read	c) was reading
b) reads	d) had read
5. My sister's son ... in tomorrow's race, because he is too young. They do not allow riders under sixteen.

a) won't ride	c) wouldn't ride
b) shan't ride	d) doesn't ride
6. A beautiful bridge ... in our city. It will be finished next year.

a) builds	c) is being built
b) is built	d) has been built
7. It has been raining for two hours. I hope it ... raining soon.

a) stops	c) would stop
b) shall stop	d) stop
8. Television has many advantages. It keeps us informed about the latest news, and also ... entertainment at home.

a) provide	c) is provided
b) provides	d) provided

9. On the other hand television ... for the violent behaviour of some young people, and for encouraging children to sit indoors, instead of doing sports.
- a) blames c) is blamed
b) blamed d) would blame
10. Some millionaires have lots of money and ... what to do with it.
- a) don't know c) won't know
b) didn't d) knows
11. How ... at college? You didn't say much about it in your last letter.
- a) do you get on c) will you get on
b) are you get on d) are you getting on
12. When you ... in this city again? - In a month.
- a) arrive c) have you arrived
b) arrived d) will you arrive
13. Every time that I miss the bus, it means that I ... walk to work.
- a) has to c) had to
b) have to d) could
14. Every time when I missed the bus, I ... to return home late.
- a) must c) can
b) had d) may
15. That was great! It was ... meal you have ever cooked.
- a) good c) best
b) better d) the best
16. This exhibition is ... interesting than the previous one.
- a) little c) least
b) less d) the least
17. We saw ... good film last night. The film was about the love of a girl to her cat and dog.
- a) a c) -
b) the d) an
18. Everybody agrees that ... happiness is very important in the life of people.
- a) - c) a
b) the d) many
19. In the past people lived in ... harmony with the environment.
- a) a c) the
b) an d) -
20. When they arrived ... the station, they rushed to the platform not to miss the train.
- a)to c)in
b) at d) for

Test 2

1. When you ... older, you'll change your mind about this.
- a) will grow c) have grown
b) grow d) grew
2. By the time the police get there, the burglars
- a) vanish c) will have vanished
b) will vanish d) vanished

17. To tell the truth I don't like ... pair of trousers that I bought last month.
 a) those c) that
 b) this d) a
18. Whose house is it? - It's
 a) my c) her
 b) mine d) our
19. Today is ... cold than yesterday. So, I'm wearing my shorts.
 a) little c) least
 b) less d) the least
20. "Come home ... Christmas Day, we'll be waiting for you", my mother always says to me.
 a) in c) -
 b) on d) at

Test 3

1. Excuse me, do you speak English? I ... for a hotel.
 a) look c) was looking
 b) am looking d) have been looking
2. Last summer we wanted a relaxing holiday, so we ... to stay on a small island.
 a) choose c) had chosen
 b) have chosen d) chose
3. Mathematics ... hard. I don't understand it.
 a) are c) was
 b) is d) were
4. While we ... for the train, it started to rain.
 a) waited c) was waiting
 b) are waiting d) were waiting
5. The police officer said that every house in that street ... already by the police.
 a) search c) had been searched
 b) were searched d) searched
6. There is going to be a big art exhibition. It... a lot of visitors.
 a) attracts c) has attracted
 b) will attract d) attracted
7. The result of his investigation ... in the newspaper soon.
 a) publish c) will be published
 b) be published d) is published
8. When they arrived home, their children ... outside the door waiting for them.
 a) sit c) was sitting
 b) are sitting d) were sitting
9. We ... a new computer not long ago. Now the job will be done much more quickly.
 a) had bought c) bought
 b) was bought d) have bought
10. He was sorry that he ... to me for so long.
 a) didn't write c) hadn't been writing
 b) haven't been writing d) hasn't been writing

11. The ring you found ... be returned to an old lady who had lost it.
 a) can c) have to
 b) must d) are to
12. Everybody in our team played ... except the captain.
 a) bad c) worst
 b) badly d) the worst
13. You know much, but you know ... than your teacher.
 a) little c) least
 b) less d) much
14. Small shops are not as ... as supermarkets.
 a) more convenient c) most convenient
 b) convenient d) the most convenient
15. Sarah is a very good pianist. She plays ... piano very well.
 a) a c) the
 b)an d)-
16. We had five phone calls, but there were ... for you.
 a) no c) either
 b) none d) neither
17. I didn't have much time, but I ... visit a lot of places of interest in London.
 a) can c) must
 b) was able to d) had to
18. That's an easy question! ... knows the answer!
 a) All c) Each
 b) Everybody d) Every
19. The comic told silly jokes, but nobody laughed ... him.
 a) on c) at
 b) under d)about
20. We feel sorry ... Sam because he hasn't got any friends.
 a) for c) with
 b)about d) by

Test 4

1. If I ... some fish, will you cook it for me?
 a) will catch c) caught
 b) catch d) am catching
2. She said that she ... her present flat. She tried to find another one.
 a) doesn't like c) didn't like
 b) won't like d) likes
3. I saw you yesterday from the bus. Where ... you ... at that time?
 a) was hurrying c) had hurried
 b) were hurrying d) did hurry
4. I found that everything I said on the phone ... to the police.
 a) report c) was reported
 b) is reported d) had been reported

5. When I speak Italian, all the others in the class ... at me as I don't know the language well.
- a) laughed c) will laugh
b) was laughing d) laugh
6. He ... in the Army for eighteen months. This is his last month.
- a) serves c) has been serving
b) is serving d) have served
7. Don't make noise: the children ... to sleep.
- a) try c) will try
b) is trying d) are trying
8. A new museum ... in the city. What a beautiful building it will be!
- a) was being built c) is built
b) is being built d) builds
9. Two terrorists ... in New York some days ago.
- a) are arrested c) were arrested
b) have been arrested d) will be arrested
- 10.1 ... understand this letter. Will you translate it for me?
- a) mustn't c) may not
b) can't d) shouldn't
11. Diana's parents don't let her go to late-night disco. She ... be at home at 9 o'clock in the evening.
- a) must c) may
b) can d) have to
12. Henry ... apologize for his bad behaviour yesterday.
- a) have to c) had to
b) may d) is to
13. The children studied hard, and as a result they passed the exams ... of all.
- a) good c) best
b) better d) the best
14. This is ... film I've ever seen.
- a) more interesting c) most interesting
b) the most interesting d) not interesting
15. ... old, ... sick, ... unemployed need our special care.
- a) - c) the
b) an d)everybody
16. Someone who saw ... robbery called the-police.
- a) - c)the
b) a d)those
17. According to this song ... we need is love.
- a) all c) each
b) every d) some
18. We wished the bride and groom happiness in ... new life together.
- a) there c) theirs
b) their d) these
19. Excuse me, but does this umbrella belong ... you?
- a) to c) at
b) for d) with

20. I listened to the radio every day to know the weather forecast but I can never rely ... it.
- a) at c) in
b) to d) on

Test 5

1. I knew that I ... her somewhere before.
- a) saw c) would see
b) had seen d) has seen
2. When I finally found the house, I knocked at the door but ... the answer.
- a) don't hear c) didn't hear
b) hasn't heard d) heard
3. I went out into the garden to fetch my bike, but found that someone ... it.
- a) stole it c) has stolen
b) would steal d) had stolen
4. When I... for the keys, I remembered that I had left them at home.
- a) looked c) had been looking
b) was looking d) look
5. I have been working for the bank for a year already, but I ... to change my job.
- a) decided c) has decided
b) have decided d) decide
6. They spoke so quickly that I ... what they were speaking about.
- a) not understand c) didn't understand
b) don't understand d) hadn't understood
7. Yesterday our flight ... because of the fog.
- a) cancelled c) had been cancelled
b) was cancelled d) has been cancelled
8. I couldn't open the office door because someone ... it.
- a) lock c) had locked
b) locked d) would lock
9. As soon as you ... me, I will contact you.
- a) calls c) called
b) will call d) call
10. I ... him since he started working here.
- a) have never trusted c) trusted
b) had never trusted d) trust
11. Mary will be ready soon. She ... coffee at the moment.
- a) has c) was having
b) have d) is having
12. If we ... late for the class, our teacher will be angry with us.
- a) is c) will be
b) were d) are
13. We ... in the sunshine for about half an hour when I suddenly felt sick.
- a) have been sitting c) sat
b) were sitting d) had been sitting
14. We were disappointed as the film was ... than we expected.
- a) entertaining c) most entertaining

- b) less entertaining d) entertaining
15. We usually ask our teacher to explain ... difficult problems to us.
 a) the c) a
 b) - d) this
16. Playing ... guitar is an interesting hobby.
 a) - c) the
 b) a d) mine
17. Our city is famous for ... beautiful ancient buildings.
 a) its c) it's
 b) it d) his
18. Her hair is long and fair. Everybody admires
 a) them c) they
 b) it d) its
19. You are very good ... dealing with people.
 a) in c) on
 b) at d) about
20. Last summer our neighbours decided to drive to Scotland ... a short holiday.
 a) at c) on
 b) to d) for

Test 6

1. When the light ... I was sitting in the armchair reading a book.
 a) goes out c) go out
 b) had gone out d) went out
2. I thought I ... this film before, but I hadn't.
 a) saw c) had seen
 b) seen d) have seen
3. Why haven't you brought me the letters for signature? ... them yet?
 a) Don't you type c) Haven't you typed
 b) Didn't you type d) Will you type
4. She wasn't sure whether she ... the door of her flat.
 a) locked c) had locked
 b) has locked d) didn't lock
- 5.1... my homework all morning and haven't finished it yet.
 a) am doing c) have been doing
 b) do d) did
6. The inspector suspected that the thief ... a special key for opening this door.
 a) uses c) had used
 b) has used d) will use
7. I was very tired. When I ... to bed, I fell asleep immediately.
 a) got c) had got
 b) has got d) will get
8. The Vikings ... to North America a thousand years ago.
 a) sail c) had sailed
 b) sailed d) have sailed
9. Thank you for your offer, but I ... not to accept it.

- a) decide
b) has decided
- c) have decided
d) decided
10. You ... through your old photograph album for half an hour already.
a) look
b) are looking
- c) have looked
d) have been looking
11. Nobody knows where his picture is. Perhaps, it
a) was stolen
b) will be stolen
- c) has been stolen
d) stolen
12. I agree. You ... apologize for not inviting him to your birthday party.
a) can't
b) mustn't
- c) shouldn't
d) may not
13. Actually, today I feel ... than I did yesterday.
a) bad
b) worse
- c) worst
d) the worst
14. ... people who are unemployed often feel depressed.
a) The
b) -
- c) A
d) That
15. Who was the first astronaut who landed on ... Moon?
a) the
b) -
- c) a
d) those
16. What happened at the end of the film? - I'm sorry to say, but I haven't seen ... film.
a) a
b) the
- c) -
d) those
17. This is ... interesting exhibition I've ever visited.
a) more
b) most
- c) less
d) the most
18. Would you mind waiting ... minutes?
a) few
b) a few
- c) little
d) a little
19. I'm ... interested in languages than in mathematics,
a) much
b) many
- c) little
d) less
20. The students often translate English texts ... Russian.
a) to
b)in
- c) into
d) on

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